Washington, D.C. 20549
FORM 10-Q

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X Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the
    Securities Exchange Act of 1934
    For the quarterly period ended June 30, 1996
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    or
        Transition report pursuant to Section 13 or \(15(d)\) of the
        Securities Exchange Act of 1934
        For the transition period from to
        Commission File Number 1-87
    EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
NEW JERSEY

| (State of incorporation) |
| :---: | | $16-0417150$ |
| :---: |
| (IRS Employer |
| Identification No.) |


| (Ad STATE STREET, ROCHESTER, NEW YORK |
| :---: |
| (Adress of principal executive offices) |

Registrant's telephone number, including area code:

Eastman Kodak Company and Subsidiary Companies CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EARNINGS
(in millions)
REVENUES
Sales
Earnings from equity interests and other
revenues
TOTAL REVENUES
COSTS
Cost of goods sold
Selling, general and administrative expenses
Research and development costs
Interest expense
Other costs
TOTAL COSTS
Earnings before income taxes
Provision for income taxes
NET EARNINGS

Earnings per share

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

Retained earnings at beginning of period
Net earnings
Cash dividends declared
Other changes

RETAINED EARNINGS at end of period
\$ 1.11
\$ 2.09
\$ 1.88

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Second } \\ & 1996 \end{aligned}$ | Quarter $1995$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { First } \\ 1996 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Half-Year } \\ 1995 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$4,117 | \$3,938 | \$7,505 | \$7,075 |
| 85 | 54 | 143 | 126 |
| 4,202 | 3,992 | 7,648 | 7,201 |
| 2,100 | 2,030 | 3,876 | 3,643 |
| 1,137 | 1,098 | 2,108 | 1,993 |
| 247 | 233 | 488 | 452 |
| 21 | 19 | 39 | 38 |
| 37 | 13 | 56 | 61 |
| 3,542 | 3,393 | 6,567 | 6,187 |
| 660 | 599 | 1,081 | 1,014 |
| 220 | 222 | 367 | 375 |
| \$ 440 | \$ 377 | \$ 714 | \$ 639 |


|  | June 30, 1996 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } 31 \\ 1995 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in millions) |  |  |
| ASSETS |  |  |
| CURRENT ASSETS |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 940 | \$ 1,764 |
| Marketable securities | 28 | 47 |
| Receivables | 3,275 | 3,145 |
| Inventories | 1,951 | 1,660 |
| Deferred income tax charges | 535 | 520 |
| Other | 231 | 173 |
| Total current assets | 6,960 | 7,309 |
| PROPERTIES |  |  |
| Land, buildings and equipment at cost | 12,811 | 12,652 |
| Less: Accumulated depreciation | 7,433 | 7,275 |
| Net properties | 5,378 | 5,377 |
| OTHER ASSETS |  |  |
| Goodwill (net of accumulated amortization of $\$ 345$ and $\$ 326$ ) | 515 | 536 |
| Deferred income tax charges | 334 | 344 |
| Long-term receivables and other noncurrent assets | 996 | 911 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$14,183 | \$14,477 |

## LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Payables
Short-term borrowings
Taxes-income and other
Dividends payable
Deferred income tax credits

Total current liabilities

OTHER LIABILITIES
Long-term borrowings
Postemployment liabilities
Other long-term liabilities
Deferred income tax credits

Total liabilities
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
Common stock at par*
Additional capital paid in or
transferred from retained earnings
Retained earnings
Accumulated translation adjustment

Less: Treasury stock at cost*

Total shareholders' equity

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

| $\$ 3,048$ | $\$ 3,327$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| 636 | 586 |
| 860 | 567 |
| 135 | 137 |
| 32 | 26 |
| --------11 | 4,643 |


| 571 | 665 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3,284 | 3,247 |
| 666 | 704 |
| 99 | 97 |
| 9,331 | 9,356 |


| 981 | 974 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 916 | 803 |
| 5,633 | 5,184 |
| 62 | 93 |
| ------ | 7,054 |
| 7,592 | 1,933 |
| 2,740 | ------- |
| ------- | 5,121 |
| 4,852 | $---=---$ |
| ------- | $\$ 14,477$ |
| $\$ 14,183$ | $======$ |

* Common stock: $\$ 2.50$ par value, 950 million shares authorized, 391 million shares issued as of June 30, 1996 and 390 million shares issued as of December 31, 1995. Treasury stock at cost consists of approximately 54 million shares at June 30,1996 and 44 million shares at
December 31, 1995.

|  | t |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1996 |  | 1995 |
| (in millions) |  |  |  |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net earnings | \$ | 714 | \$ | 639 |
| Adjustments to reconcile above earnings to net cash provided by operating activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  | 442 |  | 429 |
| (Benefit) provision for deferred taxes |  | (22) |  | 82 |
| Loss on sale and retirement of properties |  | 40 |  | 48 |
| Increase in receivables |  | (166) |  | (89) |
| Increase in inventories |  | (310) |  | (331) |
| Increase in liabilities excluding borrowings |  | 73 |  | 197 |
| Other items, net |  | (138) |  | (464) |
| Total adjustments |  | (81) |  | (128) |
| Net cash provided by operating activities |  | 633 |  | 511 |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Additions to properties |  | (532) |  | (459) |
| Proceeds from sale of properties and investments |  | 44 |  | 27 |
| Marketable securities - sales |  | 35 |  | 23 |
| Marketable securities - purchases |  | (16) |  | - |
| Cash flows related to sales of non-imaging health businesses |  | (1) |  | 241) |
| Net cash used in investing activities |  | (470) |  | , 650) |
| Cash flows from financing activities: |  |  |  |  |
| Net decrease in commercial paper borrowings of 90 days or less |  | (206) |  | (175) |
| Proceeds from other borrowings |  | 853 |  | 310 |
| Repayment of other borrowings |  | (659) |  | (5) |
| Dividends to shareholders |  | (274) |  | (273) |
| Exercise of employee stock options |  | 124 |  | 71 |
| Stock repurchases |  | (827) |  | - |
| Net cash used in financing activities |  | (989) |  | (72) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash |  | 2 |  | 14 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents |  | (824) |  | ,197) |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year |  | ,764 |  | , 020 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of quarter | \$ | 940 | \$ | 823 |

## NOTE 1

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared by the Company in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the 1995 Annual Report and should be read in conjunction with the Notes to Financial Statements appearing therein. In the opinion of the Company, all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation have been included in the financial statements. The statements are based in part on estimates and have not been audited by independent accountants. The annual statements will be audited by Price Waterhouse LLP.

## NOTE 2

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES
The Company and its subsidiary companies are involved in lawsuits, claims, investigations and proceedings, including product liability, commercial, environmental, and health and safety matters, which are being handled and defended in the ordinary course of business. There are no such matters pending that the Company and its General Counsel expect to be material in relation to the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations.

## NOTE 3

## RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain 1995 financial statement amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 1996 presentation.

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David J. FitzPatrick, Controller
July 31, 1996
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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

## SUMMARY

| (in millions, except | Second Quarter |  | First Half-Year |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| earnings per share) | 1996 | 1995 | Change | 1996 | 1995 | Change |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales | $\$ 4,117$ | $\$ 3,938$ | $+5 \%$ | $\$ 7,505$ | $\$ 7,075$ |  |
| Net earnings | 440 | 377 |  | 714 | 639 |  |
| Earnings per share | 1.30 | 1.11 |  | 2.09 | 1.88 |  |

1996
Sales were $\$ 4,117$ million for the 1996 second quarter and $\$ 7,505$ million for the first half-year. Net earnings were $\$ 440$ million for the 1996 second quarter (\$1.30 per share) and $\$ 714$ million for the first half-year (\$2.09 per share).

During the 1996 second quarter, Kodak concluded a \$1 billion share repurchase program, announced last October, and initiated an additional \$2 billion repurchase program which is expected to extend over the next two to three years.

On January 18, 1996, the Company announced it is developing alternatives to strengthen and reposition its Office Imaging business. The Office Imaging business is involved primarily with the development, production, sale, and service of office reprographics, document processing, and reproduction equipment. The Company continues to explore a variety of strategic options and structural alternatives, which include expanding its use of strategic alliances, the formation of joint ventures, and potential divestiture.

1995
Sales were $\$ 3,938$ million for the 1995 second quarter and $\$ 7,075$ million for the first half-year. Net earnings were $\$ 377$ million for the 1995 second quarter (\$1.11 per share) and $\$ 639$ million for the first half-year (\$1.88 per share).

Sales by Industry Segment

|  | Second Quarter |  |  | First Half-Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in millions) | 1996 | 1995 | Change | 1996 | 1995 | Change |
| Consumer Imaging |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inside the U.S. | \$ 903 | \$ 817 | +11\% | \$1,461 | \$1,303 | +12\% |
| Outside the U.S. | 1,124 | 1,061 | + 6 | 2,021 | 1,842 | +10 |
| Total Consumer Imaging | 2,027 | 1,878 | + 8 | 3,482 | 3,145 | +11 |
| Commercial Imaging |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inside the U.S. | 1,031 | 1,007 | + 2 | 1,964 | 1,932 | + 2 |
| Outside the U.S. | 1,066 | 1,062 | 0 | 2,074 | 2,014 | + 3 |
| Total Commercial Imaging | 2,097 | 2,069 | + 1 | 4,038 | 3,946 | + 2 |
| Deduct Intersegment Sales | (7) | (9) |  | (15) | (16) |  |
| Total Sales | \$4,117 | \$3,938 | + 5\% | \$7,505 | \$7,075 | + 6\% |

Earnings from Operations
by Industry Segment
(in millions)

|  | Second Quarter |  |  | First Half-Year |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1996 | 1995* | Change |  | 1996 | 1995* | Change |
| Consumer Imaging | \$ 422 | \$ 399 | $+6 \%$ | \$ | 583 | \$ 546 | $+7 \%$ |
| Percent of Sales | 20.8\% | 21.2\% |  |  | $16.7 \%$ | 17.4\% |  |
| Commercial Imaging | \$ 209 | \$ 181 | +15\% | \$ | 448 | \$ 450 | 0\% |
| Percent of Sales | 10.0\% | 8.7\% |  |  | 11.1\% | 11.4\% |  |

Total Earnings from Operations $\$ 631 \quad \$ 580 \quad+9 \% \quad \$ 1,031 \quad \$ 996+4 \%$

* Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform with the 1996 presentation.

COSTS AND EXPENSES
(in millions)
Gross profit
Percent of Sales
Selling, general and
administrative expenses
Percent of Sales
Research and development costs
Percent of Sales

| Second Quarter |  |  | First Half-Year |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 | 1995 | Change | 1996 | 1995 | Change |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\$ 2,017$ | $\$ 1,908$ | $+6 \%$ | $\$ 3,629$ | $\$ 3,432$ | $+6 \%$ |
| $49.0 \%$ | $48.5 \%$ |  | $48.4 \%$ | $48.5 \%$ |  |
| $\$ 1,137$ | $\$ 1,098$ | $+4 \%$ | $\$ 2,108$ | $\$ 1,993$ | $+6 \%$ |
| $27.6 \%$ | $27.9 \%$ |  | $28.1 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ |  |
| $\$ 247$ | $\$ 233$ | $+6 \%$ | $\$ 488$ | $\$ 452$ | $+8 \%$ |
| $6.0 \%$ | $5.9 \%$ |  |  | $6.5 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |

## 1996 COMPARED WITH 1995

Second quarter

For the second quarter of 1996, sales increased 5\% compared with the second quarter of 1995, primarily due to higher unit volumes, partially offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices.

Sales in the Consumer Imaging segment increased $8 \%$, due to higher unit volumes slightly offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Sales inside the U.S. increased $11 \%$, primarily due to higher unit volumes slightly offset by lower effective selling prices. Sales outside the U.S. increased 6\%, due to higher unit volumes partially offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Worldwide growth was led by sales gains of the Company's Qualex photofinishing subsidiary and increased sales of Advantix products, Ektacolor papers and one-time-use cameras.

Sales in the Commercial Imaging segment increased 1\%, due to higher unit volumes partially offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Sales inside the U.S. increased $2 \%$, due to higher unit volumes. Sales outside the U.S. were level, with higher unit volumes offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Worldwide increases were led by digital and professional motion imaging products.

Earnings from operations increased 9\%, as the benefits of higher unit volumes and manufacturing productivity were partially offset by lower effective selling prices and higher advertising expenses.

Earnings from operations in the Consumer Imaging segment increased 6\%, as the benefits of higher unit volumes and manufacturing productivity were somewhat offset by increased advertising expenses and lower effective selling prices.

Earnings from operations in the Commercial Imaging segment increased 15\% as the benefits of manufacturing productivity and higher unit volumes were only partially offset by lower effective selling prices and the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes.

For the second quarter of 1996, earnings from equity interests and other revenues increased $\$ 31$ million primarily due to higher investment earnings. The increase in other costs in 1996 when compared with 1995 is due primarily to higher net losses in 1996 from foreign exchange transactions and the translation of net monetary items in highly inflationary economies. The decrease in the effective tax rate from $37 \%$ in the second quarter of 1995 to $33 \%$ in the second quarter of 1996 was primarily due to the utilization of certain foreign tax loss carryforwards.

Year to date
For the first half of 1996, sales increased 6\% compared with the first half of 1995, primarily due to higher unit volumes, partially offset by lower effective selling prices and the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes.

Sales in the Consumer Imaging segment increased 11\%, as higher unit volumes were slightly offset by lower effective selling prices and the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes. Sales inside the
U.S. increased $12 \%$, primarily due to higher unit volumes slightly offset by lower effective selling prices. Sales outside the U.S. increased 10\%, due to higher unit volumes partially offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Worldwide growth was led by sales gains of the Company's Qualex photofinishing subsidiary along with increased sales of Ektacolor papers, Kodacolor 35 mm films, Advantix products and one-time-use cameras.

Sales in the Commercial Imaging segment increased $2 \%$, due to higher unit volumes slightly offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Sales inside the U.S. increased $2 \%$, due to higher unit volumes. Sales outside the U.S. increased $3 \%$, due to higher unit volumes slightly offset by the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes and lower effective selling prices. Worldwide growth was led by digital and professional motion imaging products.

Earnings from operations increased 4\%, as the benefits of higher unit volumes and manufacturing productivity were partially offset by higher selling, general and administrative activity and lower effective selling prices.

Earnings from operations in the Consumer Imaging segment increased 7\%, as the benefits of higher unit volumes and manufacturing productivity were somewhat offset by higher selling, general and administrative expenses and lower effective selling prices. Approximately two-thirds of the increased selling, general and administrative expenses were due to higher advertising expenditures.

Earnings from operations in the Commercial Imaging segment were level, as increases due to higher unit volumes and manufacturing productivity were offset by lower effective selling prices, increased research and development expenditures and the unfavorable effects of foreign currency rate changes.

For the first half of 1996, earnings from equity interests and other revenues increased $\$ 17$ million primarily due to higher investment earnings. The decrease in the effective tax rate from $37 \%$ during the first half of 1995 to the $34 \%$ rate during the first half of 1996 was driven by the utilization of certain foreign tax loss carryforwards.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Available cash reserves and cash from operations have been and will be used to complete the \$1 billion and \$2 billion stock repurchase programs.

Cash flow from operations for the first half of 1996 was $\$ 633$ million, primarily due to $\$ 714$ million of net earnings, which included $\$ 442$ million of non-cash depreciation and amortization expenses; a $\$ 310$ million increase in inventories and a $\$ 166$ million increase in receivables. Net cash outflow from investing activities was $\$ 470$ million for the first half of 1996, due primarily to capital expenditures of $\$ 532$ million. Net cash outflow from financing activities of $\$ 989$ million for the first half of 1996 was primarily due to $\$ 827$ million of stock repurchases and $\$ 274$ million of dividend payments.

During the second quarter of 1996, a cash dividend of $\$ 135$ million (40 cents per share) was declared on the Company's common stock, versus \$137 million (40 cents per share) a year ago. Total cash dividends declared for the year-to-date periods of 1996 and 1995 amounted to $\$ 272$ million ( 80 cents per share) and $\$ 273$ million ( 80 cents per share), respectively.

Cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities were $\$ 968$ million at the end of the second quarter, compared with $\$ 1,811$ million at year-end 1995 . Net working capital at the end of the quarter was $\$ 2,249$ million, compared with $\$ 2,666$ million at year-end 1995. Both decreases are primarily attributable to the stock repurchase program.

Projected operating cash flows are expected to be adequate to support normal business operations, planned capital expenditures, the stock repurchase program, and dividend payments in 1996.

Capital additions for the second quarter of 1996 were $\$ 282$ million compared with $\$ 221$ million for the second quarter of 1995. For the first half of 1996, capital additions were $\$ 532$ million versus $\$ 459$ million a year ago.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In April 1987, the Company was sued in federal district court in San Francisco by a number of independent service organizations who alleged violations of Sections 1 and 2 of the Sherman Act and of various state statutes in the sale by the Company of repair parts for its copier and micrographics equipment (Image Technical Service, Inc. (ITS), et al v. Eastman Kodak Company). The complaint sought unspecified compensatory and punitive damages. Trial began on June 19, 1995 and concluded on September 18, 1995 with a jury verdict for plaintiffs of $\$ 23,948,300$, before trebling. The Company has appealed the jury's verdict and intends to continue to defend this action vigorously.

Three cases that raise essentially the same antitrust issues as ITS are pending (Nationwide, et al v. Eastman Kodak Company, filed March 10, 1995, A-1 Copy Center, et al v. Eastman Kodak Company, filed December 13, 1993, and Broward Microfilm, Inc. v. Eastman Kodak Company, filed February 27, 1996). The Nationwide and A-1 cases are pending in federal district court in San Francisco, while Broward Microfilm is pending in federal district court in Miami. A-1 is a consolidated class action, while Broward Microfilm purports to be a national class action. The complaints in all three cases seek unspecified compensatory and punitive damages. As is the case in ITS, the Company is defending these matters vigorously.

The Company is participating in the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 8 (e) Compliance Audit Program. As a participant, the Company has agreed to audit its files for materials which under current EPA guidelines would be subject to notification under Section 8 (e) of TSCA and to pay stipulated penalties for each report submitted under this program. The Company anticipates that its liability under the Program will be \$1,000,000.

In addition to the foregoing environmental action, the Company has been designated as a potentially responsible party (PRP) under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, as amended (the Superfund law), or under similar state laws, for environmental assessment and cleanup costs as the result of the Company's alleged arrangements for disposal of hazardous substances at approximately twenty-five Superfund sites. With respect to each of these sites, the Company's actual or potential allocated share of responsibility is small. Furthermore, numerous other PRPs have similarly been designated at these sites and, although the law imposes joint and several liability on PRPs, as a practical matter, costs are shared with other PRPs. Settlements and costs paid by the Company in Superfund matters to date have not been material. Future costs are not expected to be material to the Company's financial condition or results of operations.

The 1996 Annual Meeting of Shareholders of Eastman Kodak Company was held on May 8.

A total of $284,546,636$ of the Company's shares were present or represented by proxy at the meeting. This represented more than $83 \%$ of the Company's shares outstanding.

The individuals named below were elected to three-year terms as Class III Directors:

Name Votes Received Votes Withheld
Richard S. Braddock 281,370,768 3,175,868
Karlheinz Kaske 280,492,531 4,054,105
Richard A. Zimmerman 281,404,128 3,142,508

Martha Layne Collins, George M. C. Fisher, Paul E. Gray, John J. Phelan, Jr., Alice F. Emerson, Roberto C. Goizueta and Wilbur J. Prezzano all continue as Directors of the Company.

The election of Price Waterhouse LLP as independent accountants was ratified, with $283,068,737$ shares voting for, 613,668 shares voting against, and 864,231 shares abstaining.

The shareholder proposal that would require disclosure of environmental liabilities to shareholders was defeated, with $15,242,230$ shares voting for, $207,055,657$ shares voting against, $20,272,792$ shares abstaining, and 39,975,957 non-votes.

The shareholder proposal that would adopt a system of cumulative voting for the purposes of director elections was defeated, with 64,860,051 shares voting for, $173,118,302$ shares voting against, $6,592,326$ shares abstaining, and 39,975,957 non-votes.

The shareholder proposal that would eliminate certain executive compensation was defeated, with $12,498,200$ shares voting for, $225,685,402$ shares voting against, $6,387,077$ shares abstaining, and 39,975,957 non-votes.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibits and financial statement schedules required as part of this report are listed in the index appearing on page 12.
(b) Reports on Form 8-K No reports on Form 8-K were filed or required to be filed for the quarter ended June 30, 1996.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
(Registrant)

Date July 31, 1996

David J. FitzPatrick
Vice President and Controller

Eastman Kodak Company and Subsidiary Companies<br>Index to Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

Page No.

(11) Computation of Earnings Per Common Share 13
(27) Financial Data Schedule - Submitted with the Edgar filing as a second document to this Form 10-Q

## Eastman Kodak Company and Subsidiary Companies

Exhibit (11)
Computation of Earnings Per Common Share

| Second Quarter |  |  |  | First Half-Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1996 |  | 1995 |  | 1996 | 1995 |
|  | (in | 11 | ons, | share | unts) |
| \$ | 660 | \$ | 599 | \$1,081 | \$1,014 |
|  | 220 |  | 222 | 367 | 375 |
| \$ | 440 | \$ | 377 | \$ 714 | \$ 639 |
|  | 338.2 |  | 41.2 | 340.8 | 340.6 |
| \$ | 1.30 |  | 1.11 | \$ 2.09 | \$ 1.88 |

THIS SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM
THE SECOND QUARTER 1996 FORM 10-Q OF EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY, AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

0000031235
EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY
1,000,000
U.S. DOLLARS

```
6-MOS
        DEC-31-1996
            JAN-01-1996
                JUN-30-1996
                    1.0
                                940
                                    28
                    3275
                                    1 0 0
                            1 9 5 1
                            6 9 6 0
                                    1 2 8 1 1
                                    7433
                            14183
            4 7 1 1
            0
                                    0
                                    981
                                    3871
    1 4 1 8 3
        7 6 4 8
        3 8 7 6
        3876
        2652
        0
        39
        1 0 8 1
            367
        7 1 4
            0
            0
                                    0
                                    7 1 4
            2.09
                0
```

