UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SD Specialized Disclosure Report

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEW JERSEY

1-87

16-0417150

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

(Commission File Number)

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

343 STATE STREET,

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK 14650

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

Douglas Strong, 585-724-2131

(Name and telephone number, including area code, of the person to contact in connection with this report)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

X Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017.

Section 1 - Conflict Minerals Disclosure

Item 1.01 Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

Conflict Minerals Disclosure:

The Conflict Minerals Report for the period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 is filed herewith as Exhibit 1.01 and is publicly available through Kodak's investor center under the "Financial Information/SEC Filings" tabs on its website at www.kodak.com.

Item 1.02 Exhibit

The Conflict Minerals Report for the period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017 is filed herewith as Exhibit 1.01.

Section 2 - Exhibits

Item 2.01 Exhibits

Exhibit 1.01 Conflict Minerals Report as required by Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Form.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

EASTMAN KODAK COMPANY

Date: May 31, 2018

By:/s/ Sharon E. Underberg

Sharon E. Underberg

General Counsel, Secretary and Senior Vice President

Eastman Kodak Company Conflict Minerals Report

I Introduction

This is the Conflict Minerals Report of Eastman Kodak Company ("Kodak") for the reporting period from January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2017, provided in accordance with Rule 13p-1 ("Rule 13p-1") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "1934 Act"). Please refer to Rule 13p-1, Form SD and the 1934 Act Release No. 34-67716 for definitions of the terms used in this report, unless otherwise defined herein.

Rule 13p-1 imposes certain reporting obligations on United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registrants that manufacture or contract to manufacture products containing conflict minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of their products. Conflict minerals are defined by the SEC as cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, gold, wolframite, or their derivatives, which are limited to tin, tantalum and tungsten (collectively, "3TG").

Kodak has determined that conflict minerals as defined by the SEC were necessary to the functionality or production of certain products that Kodak manufactured or contracted to be manufactured during 2017. Kodak conducted a good faith reasonable country of origin inquiry ("RCOI") to determine the origin of the conflict minerals used in its products. In accordance with the Rule, Kodak undertook due diligence on the source and chain of custody of its Conflict Minerals.

Company Overview

Kodak is a global commercial printing and imaging company with proprietary technologies in materials science, digital imaging science and software, and deposition processes (methods whereby one or more layers of various materials in gaseous, liquid or small particle form are deposited on a substrate in precise quantities and positions). Kodak leverages its core technology products and services to develop solutions for the product goods packaging and graphic communications markets, and is developing products for the functional printing market. Kodak also offers brand licensing and intellectual property opportunities, provides products and services for motion pictures and other commercial films, and sells ink to its existing installed consumer inkjet printer base.

Supply Chain Overview

Kodak's global supply chain is complex given that it has over 2,500 material suppliers and the fact that most of its suppliers are located far downstream from the mineral smelters and associated mines. Kodak relies on its suppliers to assist in the reasonable country of origin inquiry and due diligence efforts for the conflict minerals contained in the materials supplied to, or manufactured for Kodak. Kodak focuses on collecting data from direct suppliers who are likely to supply Kodak with conflict minerals and requires suppliers to establish the necessary proactive due diligence programs that will enable greater long-term supply chain transparency through contract terms.

Kodak performed an analysis of its product components and determined that conflict minerals, which are regularly used in electronics and electrical equipment, are contained in certain components used in the products manufactured for or by Kodak. Kodak determined that conflict minerals that are contained in certain products were necessary to the functionality or production of the product manufactured or contracted to be manufactured for Kodak, while consumables such as inks, digital and flexographic print plates and chemicals do not contain these minerals.

II Design of Due Diligence Measures

Kodak designed its overall conflict minerals policies and procedures to conform, in all material respects, to the five-step framework developed by the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD"), OECD Due Diligence Guidance for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas, and the supplements on tin, tantalum, tungsten and gold.

Kodak's implementation of the five-step framework consists of the following activities which are discussed in further detail below.

- 1. Established a management system
- 2. Established a process to identify and assess risks in Kodak's supply chain
- 3. Respond to identified risks
- 4. Auditing of smelters/refiners sourcing
- 5. Reporting on supply chain due diligence

Kodak, as a purchaser of component parts, is many steps removed from the mining of conflict minerals; Kodak does not purchase raw ore or unrefined conflict minerals, and conducts no purchasing activities directly in the Covered Countries. Because Kodak does not typically have direct relationships with smelters and refiners, Kodak's efforts utilized multi-industry initiatives with the smelters and refiners of minerals that may provide those minerals to companies in Kodak's supply chain.

Step 1: Management Systems

The management system includes a multidisciplinary Conflict Minerals Team consisting of representation from Kodak's Health, Safety & Environment organization, Worldwide Procurement and Corporate Finance. This team is responsible for the design, implementation and continued administration of Kodak's conflict minerals program. Senior management (including the Director and VP for Purchasing, the Assistant Controller and the General Counsel) is briefed about the results of the team's due diligence efforts. It is Kodak's policy to refrain from purchasing, directly or indirectly from any sources, conflict minerals that may finance or benefit armed groups. Kodak's conflict minerals policy is publicly available on Kodak's website at www.kodak.com/go/hsesupplier.

Kodak requires its suppliers to implement a conflict minerals due diligence management system, including a system of controls, to determine the sources of conflict minerals in all products that are supplied to, or manufactured on behalf of, Kodak. Kodak's suppliers are required to exercise due diligence on the source and chain of custody of these minerals and to cooperate in providing Kodak its due diligence information to work toward sourcing only from smelters and refiners which have been certified as conflict free.

Kodak was a member of Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition ("EICC") and the Conflict Free Sourcing Initiative ("CFSI") in 2016. Although no longer a member, Kodak continues to follow the industry guidance through Responsible Minerals Initiative ("RMI") formerly Conflict-Free Sourcing Initiative ("CFSI"). The Responsible Minerals Initiative contributes to a range of tools and resources including the Responsible Minerals Assurance Process, the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template, Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry data and a range of guidance documents on responsible minerals sourcing. The Responsible Minerals Initiative also runs regular workshops on minerals supply chain issues and contributes to policy development and debates with leading civil society organizations and governments. Through these affiliations, Kodak collaborates with industry peers to support the development and use of tools, programs and mineral traceability schemes that help enable companies to source DRC conflict-free minerals. One of the programs developed by the RMI is the Responsible Minerals Assurance Process (RMAP). The RMAP is a voluntary initiative in which independent third-party audits are conducted of a smelter's or refiner's procurement processes to determine if the smelter or refiner can demonstrate that all the minerals they process originate from conflict-free sources. Kodak also utilizes the Conflict Minerals Reporting Template ("CMRT") developed by RMI to collect supplier data. Kodak's support of these programs demonstrates its commitment to conflict free sources for the metals used in Kodak's products. Kodak also has a Business Conduct phone number and website for employees to report concerns about violations of Kodak's Conflict Minerals policy and other policies. https://www.kodak.com/corp/company/sustainability/conduct-guide/default.htm

Step 2: Identify and Assess Risks in Our Supply Chain and Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry:

Kodak, through its RCOI process, determined suppliers that were in scope by starting with a complete list of first tier suppliers and removing: service providers, indirect materials suppliers, and suppliers with whom Kodak spent no money in 2017. In some instances, second tier suppliers (e.g., distributors) were also included in the scope of this initial list. Based on a review of Kodak's spending data and known product compositions, suppliers providing services or products that contain no conflict minerals were excluded from Kodak's scope. The exclusions included suppliers providing commodities such as travel, employee benefits, facility maintenance, stationery, office supplies and chemicals with a known composition. The remaining suppliers were identified as relevant or high priority suppliers, including suppliers with the potential to provide raw materials, components, parts, sub-assemblies and products that have the greatest likelihood of containing conflict minerals.

The suppliers that were identified as relevant or high priority received an email containing a cover letter signed by Kodak's Chief Procurement Officer and a conflict minerals questionnaire using the CMRT. The cover letter provided an explanation for the request including the regulatory background and the expected timing for a response. Non-responsive suppliers were contacted a minimum of three times. These communications were monitored and tracked for future reporting and transparency.

Kodak received responses from the suppliers that were in scope. Kodak's minerals team reviewed and verified each completed questionnaire against expectations established by company policy. Kodak also engaged with Assent Compliance to review the supplier's responses to determine if it had a conflict minerals policy describing its due-diligence program and how it was being applied to the suppliers in the chain. Further, any smelters and refiners identified in the questionnaire were compared against CFSI's standard smelter reference list and the U.S. Department of Commerce list of known smelters and refiners to verify that the identified facilities are smelters or refiners of conflict minerals. Kodak also reviewed country of origin information available from CFSI for the smelters and refiners identified in the questionnaire.

III. Due Diligence Measures Performed

Step 3: Strategy to Respond to Identified Risks:

Kodak compared smelters and refiners identified by suppliers in the questionnaire against the list of facilities that have received a "conflict free" designation from CFSI. In addition, Kodak reviewed the responses against criteria developed to determine which responses required follow-up and further engagement. These criteria included categories for untimely or incomplete responses as well as inconsistencies within the data reported in the template. Kodak worked directly with these suppliers to provide revised responses. Specifically, Kodak followed up with suppliers who provided any of the following negative or incomplete responses to the questionnaire:

- The response did not appear justified by the product category or composition of the product.
- The supplier did not indicate that it had implemented a management system or due diligence program to obtain information from its suppliers.
- The response was incomplete or necessary information was not provided by the supplier.
- The smelter list included problematic smelters (smelters that are not on either CFSI's standard smelter list or the U.S Department of Commerce list of known smelters).

If a supplier's efforts to address concerns were determined to be deficient, it was flagged for further action, ranging from education to discontinuing purchases. The project team reports annually on its progress to relevant senior executives of the company.

Step 4: Auditing of Smelters/Refiners Sourcing

Due to the complexity of Kodak's products, and the depth, breadth and constant evolution of its supply chain, it is difficult to identify actors upstream from Kodak's direct suppliers. Kodak does not typically have a direct relationship with 3TG smelters and refiners and does not perform or direct audits of these entities within its supply chain. Kodak has supported the execution of the RMAP and has relied on the RMAP to perform audits of smelters and to develop information on the country and mine or location of origin of conflict minerals in Kodak's products. In order to assess the risk that any of these smelters posed to Kodak's supply chain, Assent determined if the smelter had been audited against a standard in conformance with the OECD Guidance, such as the RMAP. Smelters that have completed an RMAP audit are considered to be DRC-Conflict Free.

IV. Reporting and Results

Step 5: Annual Reports on Supply Chain Due Diligence:

Kodak annually reports on its conflict minerals supply chain due diligence to the SEC through its Form SD and Conflict Minerals Report, and publishes the same information on its public website.

Results of Supply Chain Due Diligence

Reviewing information about 3TG smelters and refiners in Kodak's supply chain represents the most reasonable effort Kodak can make to determine the mines or locations of origin of the 3TG in its supply chain. Kodak received responses from approximately 85% of the suppliers surveyed. Based on these responses, Kodak identified 314 smelters or refiners of 3TG that are known smelters or refiners based on the RMI's standard smelter reference list and may have processed the conflict minerals contained in Kodak's products. These smelters are listed in the Appendix. The Appendix also includes an aggregated list of the countries of origin from which the listed smelters and refiners are believed to have sourced conflict minerals, in addition to recycled and scrap sources.

A majority of Kodak's suppliers provided information at the company level, rather than information specific to the materials purchased by Kodak. Kodak is unable to validate whether the smelters and refiners listed in the Appendix in fact contributed conflict minerals to its products.

Of the 314 smelters and refiners listed in the Appendix, 255 have been certified as compliant with the RMI's RMAP, and an additional 8 are active in the RMAP third-party audit process. Kodak was unable to determine the conflict status of the remaining smelters and refiners.

Smelters and refiners that are compliant with the relevant RMAP assessment protocols or currently in the audit process:

Tantalum:	41 of 42 (98%)
Tin:	72 of 80 (90%)
Tungsten:	43 of 46 (93%)
Gold:	107 of 146 (73%)

Overall, 263 of 314, or 84% of the smelters and refiners are compliant with the RMI's RMAP or are currently in the audit process.

The number of smelters and refiners in Kodak's supply chain as of December 31, 2017 that were compliant with the RMAP's CFSP has more than quadrupled since Kodak began the evaluation process in 2013.

RMAP Compliant smelters and refiners in Kodak's supply chain:

2013	55 Compliant smelters and refiners
2014	126 Compliant smelters and refiners
2015	214 Compliant Smelters and refiners
2016	244 Compliant Smelters and refiners
2017	255 Compliant Smelters and refiners

V. Product Description:

Given the fact that not all smelters and refiners identified by Kodak's suppliers have been audited by the RMI's RMAP list and many suppliers are still collecting information from their supply chain, Kodak's products containing or using conflict minerals are considered DRC conflict undeterminable.

The Kodak products determined to be DRC conflict undeterminable are as follows:

KODAK PROSPER Press Platform	KODAK VERSAMARK Printing Systems
KODAK PROSPER Imprinting Systems	KODAK VERSAMARK Imprinting Systems
KODAK NEXPRESS Digital Production Color Press	KODAK DIGIMASTER HD Digital Production Platform
Platform	
KODAK FLEXCEL NX Imager and Laminator	Kodak FLEXCEL Direct Imager
Print on Demand Solutions	

MAGNUS Platesetters	TRENDSETTER Platesetters
ACHIEVE Platesetters	GENERATION NEWS Platesetter
TRENDSETTER NEWS Platesetter	MERCURY P-HD Plate Processor
S Plate Processor	P-LD Plate Processor
T-HDX and T-HDE Plate Processors	Entertainment Motion Picture Film

VI Steps to Improve Due Diligence

Kodak will continue to communicate its expectations and information requirements to its direct suppliers. Kodak will also continue to monitor changes in circumstances that may impact the facts or its determination. Over time, Kodak anticipates that the amount of information globally on the traceability and sourcing of these ores will increase and improve Kodak's knowledge. However, if Kodak identifies an upstream supplier is sourcing from or linked to any party providing direct or indirect support to non-state armed groups, Kodak will work with its supply chain to suspend or discontinue engagement with that upstream supplier. Kodak expects its suppliers to take similar measures with their suppliers to ensure alignment throughout the supply chain.

In 2017, Kodak has partnered with Assent, a SaaS company, to assist in a data management solution to track regulatory compliance across Kodak's supply chain. A solution such as this is needed to further strengthen Kodak's due diligence process to ensure legal compliance across the product portfolio and to meet customer expectations. In addition to those above, Kodak will take the following steps during the next compliance period to improve the due diligence conducted to further mitigate the risk that its necessary conflict minerals do not benefit armed groups, including:

- Continue to collect responses from suppliers using the CMRT through Assent Compliance. The service will collect and store CMRTs and supplier data, communicate with our supply chain and provide training and education where necessary. This streamlined approach will roll up our data and validate submitted information if they are complete and valid based on logic tests.
- Compare and validate RCOI results to information collected via independent conflict free smelter validation programs.
- Inform and encourage suppliers to transition to smelters identified by the due diligence process as "conflict free" by an independent audit program.

APPENDIX

The table below lists the smelters and refiners as reported to Kodak by its suppliers that are known smelters or refiners based on the RMI's standard smelter reference list as of April 2018 and may have processed the conflict minerals contained in Kodak's products. This information is as reported by the RMI as of May 1, 2018.

Metal	Smelter Name	Smelter Facility Location
Gold	Abington Reldan Metals, LLC*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Advanced Chemical Company*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Al Etihad Gold LLC*	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
Gold	Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G.*	GERMANY
Gold	Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC)*	UZBEKISTAN
Gold	AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração*	BRAZIL
Gold	Argor-Heraeus S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Asahi Pretec Corp.*	JAPAN
Gold	Asahi Refining Canada Ltd.*	CANADA
Gold	Asahi Refining USA Inc.*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S.	TURKEY
Gold	AU Traders and Refiners*	SOUTH AFRICA
Gold	Aurubis AG*	GERMANY
Gold	Bangalore Refinery	INDIA
Gold	Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines)*	PHILIPPINES
Gold	Boliden AB*	SWEDEN
Gold	C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG*	GERMANY
Gold	Caridad	MEXICO
Gold	CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation*	CANADA
Gold	Cendres + Métaux S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Chimet S.p.A.*	ITALY
Gold	Chugai Mining	JAPAN
Gold	Daejin Indus Co., Ltd.*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Degussa Sonne / Mond Goldhandel GmbH	GERMANY
Gold	DODUCO Contacts and Refining GmbH*	GERMANY
Gold	Dowa*	JAPAN
Gold	DSC (Do Sung Corporation)*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Elemetal Refining, LLC	UNITED STATES
Gold	Emirates Gold DMCC*	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

Gold	Fidelity Printers and Refiners Ltd.	ZIMBABWE
Gold	GCC Gujrat Gold Centre Pvt. Ltd.	INDIA
Gold	Geib Refining Corporation*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM	CHINA
Gold	Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited	CHINA
Gold	Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	HeeSung*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Heimerle + Meule GmbH*	GERMANY
Gold	Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG*	GERMANY
Gold	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Hwasung CJ Co., Ltd.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Istanbul Gold Refinery*	TURKEY
Gold	Italpreziosi*	ITALY
Gold	Japan Mint*	JAPAN
Gold	Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	JSC Uralelectromed*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Kaloti Precious Metals	UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
Gold	Kazakhmys Smelting LLC	KAZAKHSTAN
Gold	Kazzinc*	KAZAKHSTAN
Gold	Kennecott Utah Copper LLC*	UNITED STATES
Gold	KGHM Polska Miedz Spolka Akcyjna	POLAND
Gold	Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Korea Zinc Co., Ltd.*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Kyrgyzaltyn JSC*	KYRGYZSTAN
Gold	Kyshtym Copper-Electrolytic Plant ZAO	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	L'azurde Company For Jewelry	SAUDI ARABIA
Gold	Lingbao Gold Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	L'Orfebre S.A.	ANDORRA
Gold	LS-NIKKO Copper Inc.*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Marsam Metals*	BRAZIL
Gold	Materion*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN

Gold	Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd.*	SINGAPORE
Gold	Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Metalor Technologies S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Metalor USA Refining Corporation*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Metalúrgica Met-Mex Peñoles S.A. De C.V.*	MEXICO
Gold	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation*	JAPAN
Gold	Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd.*	INDIA
Gold	Modeltech Sdn Bhd	MALAYSIA
Gold	Morris and Watson	NEW ZEALAND
Gold	Morris and Watson Gold Coast	AUSTRALIA
Gold	Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.Ş.*	TURKEY
Gold	Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat	UZBEKISTAN
Gold	Nihon Material Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Ögussa Österreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH*	AUSTRIA
Gold	Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet)*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	PAMP S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Pease & Curren	UNITED STATES
Gold	Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA*	CHILE
Gold	Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk*	INDONESIA
Gold	PX Précinox S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd.*	SOUTH AFRICA
Gold	Refinery of Seemine Gold Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Remondis Argentia B.V.	NETHERLANDS
Gold	Republic Metals Corporation*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Royal Canadian Mint*	CANADA
Gold	SAAMP*	FRANCE

Gold	Sabin Metal Corp.	UNITED STATES
Gold	Safimet S.p.A*	Italy
Gold	SAFINA A.S.	CZECH REPUBLIC
Gold	Sai Refinery	INDIA
Gold	Samduck Precious Metals*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	SAMWON Metals Corp.	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH*	GERMANY
Gold	Schone Edelmetaal B.V.*	NETHERLANDS
Gold	*SEMPSA Joyería Platería S.A.	SPAIN
Gold	Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Singway Technology Co., Ltd.*	TAIWAN
Gold	SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Gold	Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp.*	TAIWAN
Gold	State Research Institute Center for Physical Sciences and Technology	LITHUANIA
Gold	Sudan Gold Refinery	SUDAN
Gold	Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	SungEel HiTech*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	T.C.A S.p.A*	ITALY
Gold	Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K.*	JAPAN
Gold	The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Gold	Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Tony Goetz NV	BELGIUM
Gold	TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn	KAZAKHSTAN
Gold	Torecom*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Gold	Umicore Brasil Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Gold	Umicore Precious Metals Thailand*	THAILAND
Gold	Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining*	BELGIUM
Gold	United Precious Metal Refining, Inc.*	UNITED STATES
Gold	Universal Precious Metals Refining Zambia	ZAMBIA
Gold	Valcambi S.A.*	SWITZERLAND
Gold	Western Australian Mint trading as The Perth Mint*	AUSTRALIA
Gold	WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH*	GERMANY
Gold	Yamamoto Precious Metal Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Gold	Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Gold	Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation*	CHINA
Tantalum	Asaka Riken Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Tantalum	Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd.*	CHINA

Tantalum	D Block Metals, LLC*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	Duoluoshan	CHINA
Tantalum	Exotech Inc.*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	F&X Electro-Materials Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	FIR Metals & Resource Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Aizu*	JAPAN
Tantalum	Global Advanced Metals Boyertown*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	Guangdong Rising Rare Metals-EO Materials Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Co., Ltd.*	THAILAND
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH*	GERMANY
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Inc.*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Ltd.*	JAPAN
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG*	GERMANY
Tantalum	H.C. Starck Tantalum and Niobium GmbH*	GERMANY
Tantalum	Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material*	CHINA
Tantalum	JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	KEMET Blue Metals*	MEXICO
Tantalum	KEMET Blue Powder*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	King-Tan Tantalum Industry Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	LSM Brasil S.A.*	BRAZIL
Tantalum	Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd.*	INDIA
Tantalum	Mineracao Taboca S.A.*	BRAZIL
Tantalum	Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Tantalum	Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	NPM Silmet AS*	ESTONIA
Tantalum	Power Resources Ltd.*	MACEDONIA
Tantalum	QuantumClean*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Tantalum	RFH Tantalum Smeltry Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Tantalum	Taki Chemicals*	JAPAN
Tantalum	Telex Metals*	UNITED STATES
Tantalum	Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC*	KAZAKHSTAN
Tantalum	XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tantalum	Yichun Jin Yang Rare Metal Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Alpha*	UNITED STATES

Tin	An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company	VIET NAM
Tin	Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	China Tin Group Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	CNMC (Guangxi) PGMA Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tin	CV Ayi Jaya*	INDONESIA
Tin	CV Dua Sekawan*	INDONESIA
Tin	CV Gita Pesona*	INDONESIA
Tin	CV Tiga Sekawan*	INDONESIA
Tin	CV United Smelting*	INDONESIA
Tin	CV Venus Inti Perkasa*	INDONESIA
Tin	Dowa*	JAPAN
Tin	Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metallurgy	VIET NAM
1111	Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM
Tin	EM Vinto*	BOLIVIA
Tin	Estanho de Rondônia S.A.	BRAZIL
Tin	Fenix Metals*	POLAND
Tin	Gejiu Fengming Metallurgy Chemical Plant*	CHINA
Tin	Gejiu Jinye Mineral Company*	CHINA
Tin	Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC*	CHINA
Tin	Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tin	Guangdong Hanhe Non-ferrous Metal Limited Company*	CHINA
Tin	Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Emilied Company Guanyang Guida Nonferrous Metal Smelting Plant*	CHINA
	HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin		-
Tin	Huichang Jinshunda Tin Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Jiangxi Ketai Advanced Material Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC)*	MALAYSIA
Tin	Melt Metais e Ligas S.A.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Metallic Resources, Inc.*	UNITED STATES
Tin	Metallo Belgium N.V.*	BELGIUM
Tin	Metallo Spain S.L.U.*	SPAIN
Tin	Mineracao Taboca S.A.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Minsur*	PERU
Tin	Mitsubishi Materials Corporation*	JAPAN
Tin	Modeltech Sdn Bhd	MALAYSIA
Tin	Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd.*	THAILAND
Tin	O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc.*	PHILIPPINES
Tin	Operaciones Metalurgical S.A.*	BOLIVIA

Tin	PT Aries Kencana Sejahtera*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Artha Cipta Langgeng*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Babel Inti Perkasa*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Bangka Prima Tin*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Bangka Tin Industry*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Bukit Timah*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT DS Jaya Abadi*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Inti Stania Prima*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Karimun Mining*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Kijang Jaya Mandiri*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Lautan Harmonis Sejahtera*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Menara Cipta Mulia*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Mitra Stania Prima*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT O.M. Indonesia*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Panca Mega Persada*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Premium Tin Indonesia*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Prima Timah Utama*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Refined Bangka Tin*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Sukses Inti Makmur*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Sumber Jaya Indah*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Tinindo Inter Nusa*	INDONESIA
Tin	PT Tommy Utama*	INDONESIA
Tin	Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Rui Da Hung*	TAIWAN
Tin	Soft Metais Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Super Ligas	Brazil
Tin	Thaisarco*	THAILAND
Tin	Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company	VIET NAM
Tin	White Solder Metalurgia e Mineração Ltda.*	BRAZIL
Tin	Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tin	Yunnan Tin Company Limited*	CHINA
Tungsten	A.L.M.T. TUNGSTEN Corp.*	JAPAN
Tungsten	ACL Metais Eireli*	BRAZIL
Tungsten	Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd.*	VIET NAM

Tungsten	Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Fujian Jinxin Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Ganzhou Haichuang Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tungsten	Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Ganzhou Yatai Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tungsten	Global Tungsten & Powders Corp.*	UNITED STATES
Tungsten	Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co.KG*	GERMANY
Tungsten	H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH*	GERMANY
Tungsten	Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Hunan Chuangda Vanadium Tungsten Co., Ltd. Wuji*	CHINA
Tungsten	Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Hunan Litian Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Hydrometallurg, JSC*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Tungsten	Japan New Metals Co., Ltd.*	JAPAN
Tungsten	Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Dayu Longxintai Tungsten Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd.	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Xiushui Xianggan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Kennametal Fallon*	UNITED STATES
Tungsten	Kennametal Huntsville*	UNITED STATES
Tungsten	Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Moliren Ltd*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Tungsten	Niagara Refining LLC*	UNITED STATES
Tungsten	Nui Phao H.C. Starck Tungsten Chemicals Manufacturing LLC*	VIET NAM
Tungsten	Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc.*	PHILIPPINES
Tungsten	South-East Nonferrous Metal Company Limited of Hengyang City*	CHINA
Tungsten	Tejing (Vietnam) Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	VIET NAM
Tungsten	Unecha Refractory metals plant*	RUSSIAN FEDERATION
Tungsten	Vietnam Youngsun Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd.*	VIET NAM
Tungsten	Wolfram Bergbau und Hütten AG*	AUSTRIA
Tungsten	Woltech Korea Co., Ltd.*	KOREA, REPUBLIC OF
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA

Tungsten	Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd.*	CHINA
Tungsten	Xinhai Rendan Shaoguan Tungsten Co., Ltd.*	CHINA

^{*} Denotes smelters and refiners which have received a "conflict-free" designation from an independent third party audit program as of May 1, 2018.

Country of Origin Information:

As a result of the reasonable country of origin inquiry conducted as described above, Kodak concluded that the aggregated countries of origin from which the smelters and refiners listed above are believed to have sourced conflict minerals include Australia, Austria, Belgium, Bolivia, Brazil, Canada, China, Czech Republic, Estonia, France, Germany, India, Indonesia, Italy, Japan, Kazakhstan, Korea (Republic Of), Kyrgyzstan, Macedonia (The Former Yugoslav Republic Of), Malaysia, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Russian Federation, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Singapore, South Africa, Spain, Sudan, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United States, Uzbekistan, Viet Nam, Zambia, Zimbabwe.